CERTIFICATE

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ON INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON EARTH SCIENCE, MINERAL AND ENERGY 2019 (2nd ICEMINE) YOGYAKARTA, OCFOBER 3rd 2019



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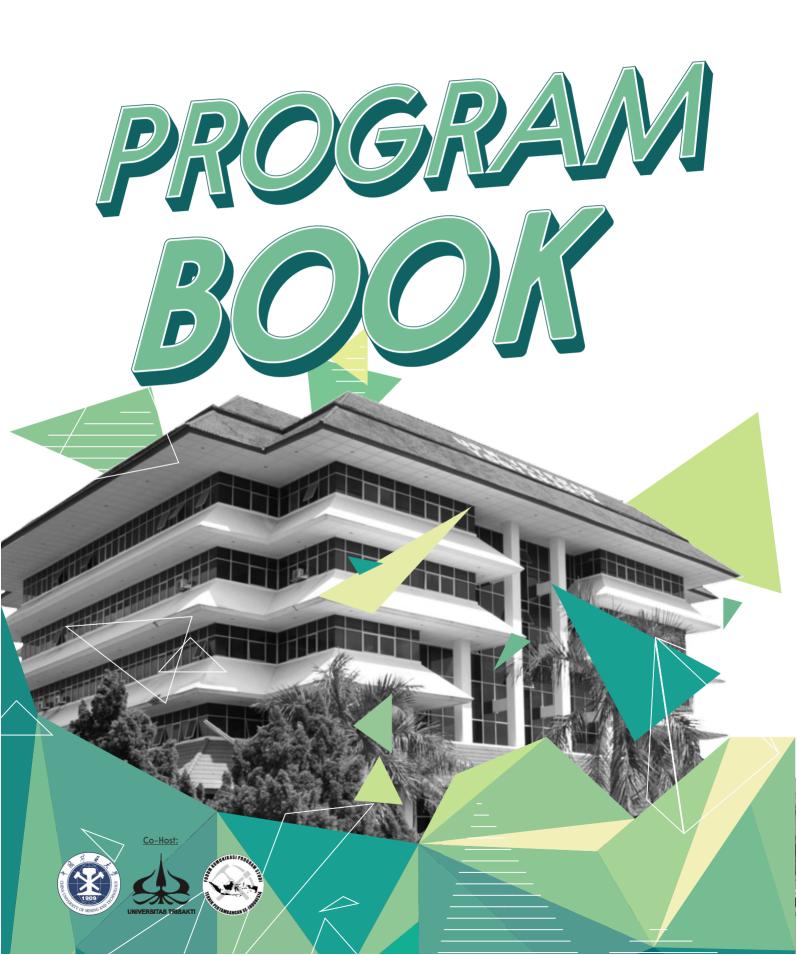






2nd INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON EARTH SCIENCE, MINERAL AND ENERGY





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Dr. Muhammad Irhas Effendi, M.S. Rector of UPN Veteran Yogyakarta

UPN Veteran Yogyakarta has 5 faculties including Faculty of Mineral Technology. Faculty of Mineral Technology is the bigest faculty in UPN Veteran Yogyakarta that organize 5 departments, they are Geological Engineering, Mining Engineering, Petroleum Engineering, Geophysical Engineering and Environmental Engineering. Universitas Pembangunan Nasional Veteran Yogyakarta as an institution of higher education that has generated many experts and graduates in the field of earth science, i.e.mining, oil, geology and geophysics, and environmental management. Furthermore, with the commitment of Discipline, Struggle, and Creativity then it can provide awareness in order to maintain its existence and participate to preserve the right environment in order to maintain the sustainability of national energy resources based on Widya Mwat Yasa.

As a contribution to university and government, Faculty of Mineral Technology held the INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON EARTH SCIENCE, MINERAL AND ENERGY (ICEMINE). This conference is an annual routine activity at the Faculty of Mineral Technology to accommodate the research works of lecturers and researcher to be published internationally, as well as a forum for academics to explore the knowledge of the practitioners in Indonesia. Welcome to UPN Veteran Yogyakarta. Enjoy your stay in Yogyakarta. Spread and share the

knowledge for the nation and the better universe.





Assalamu'alaikum warahmatullahi wabarakatuh

It gives me a great pleasure to welcome all of you in the International Conference on Earth Science, Mineral and Energy (ICEMINE) 2019 this morning which organized by Faculty of Mineral Technology UPN Veteran Yogyakarta, and supported by FORKOPINDO, CUMT, Faculty of Earth Technology and Energy University of Trisakti, Pusat Studi Mineral dan Energi UPNVYK, PT. Bukit Asam, PT Aneka Tambang, Exxon Mobil Cepu Limited and PT Bumi Suksesindo. This conference is an annual routine activity at the Faculty of Mineral Technology to accommodate the research works of lecturers and researcher to be published internationally, as well as a forum for academics to explore the knowledge of the practitioners in Indonesia.

This year the conference is called International Conference on Earth Science, Mineral and Energy (ICEMINE) 2019 with theme "Environmental Sustainability on Mineral and Energy Exploration, Exploitation and Extraction" collaborate with FORKOPINDO, China Mining University of Technology, and Faculty of Earth Technology and Energy University of Trisakti. We intend to publish our proceeding in AIP Publishing, as a Scopusi ndexed publisher. Energy supports the provision of basic human need. At present, the world's population is growing rapidly, while the availability of energy resources is limited. Thus, the use of limited energy resources must be managed carefully and efficiently. The use of replacement resources must be carried out as best as possible by making the process of utilization of resources that considers the availability in the nature. Utilization of energy resources must be in accordance with its regeneration potency. The utilization of energy resources in terms of technology application should be cultivated by not harming the natural resources and its sustainability.

As the result of the increase of world development, so it will affect the increase of energy and mineral needs as well as other mining products. Exploration and extraction of mineral resources is inevitable. Hence, it is clearly need a proper environmental preservation in order to maintain resource sustainability.

Today's conference is attended by 100 (one hundred) speakers representing geologists, geophysicists, petroleum engineers, mining engineers, metalurgist, environment and geotourism geoscientist as well as earth science students from all parts of university and institution of 8 (eight) different countries including Canada, Taiwan, Saudi Arabia, China, Australia and Indonesia. There are geoscientist and students from 15 (fifteen) universities, 2 (two) government institution and 1 company present as a presenter today, including National Chungbuk University, McGill University, King Fahd University of Petroleum, China Mining University and Technology, University of Indonesia, Trisakti University, Bina Nusantara University, Technology Institute of Bandung, Gadjah Mada University, Jember University, Lampung University, Islam Riau University, Sriwijaya University, National University of Padang, National Technology Institute of Yogyakarta, Geological Survey Centre, Ministry of Public Works and Public Housing Medan, and PT Antam Pongkor. Therefore, this conference will provide us not only essential knowledge and concept but also a great opportunity to share experiences in order an exploration, extraction and conservation are going in environmental sustainability.

Please shared your knowledge and experience in this conference and enjoy stay in Yogyakarta.

I would like to take this opportunity to express my sincere appreciation to the committee members and in particular our honorable speakers. All of them have been working with us since the beginning of the planning stage and they are still here today for all of us. I truly appreciate your dedication. Thankyou.

Wassalamu'alikum warahmatullahi wabarakatuh.





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Well Log Analysis and Geochemical Data to Identify Source Rock and Hydrocarbon Reservoir: Northeast Java Basin Study Case

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Abstract. Comprehensive characterization methods are carried out to determine accurate source rock and reservoir identification. Geochemical data has become a critical part of recent unconventional exploration and development. However, due to high cost of geological core extraction and analysis, geophysical wireline logging tools have become the primary source of downhole measurement of geomechanical properties. This study covers an integrated approach at defining geochemical report derived from geological core extraction and analysis and its relationship with geophysical wireline logs of 5 (five) wells at Northeast Java Basin. Geophysical wireline logs can be utilized to identify reservoir and source rock intervals in the early stage of well drilling. However, the well logs that directly measure the hidrogen content of the kerogen do no exist. Consequently, it is utilized for source rock evaluations and calculation of Total Organic Carbon (TOC) which are most commonly include sonic, density, gamma ray, neutron, and resistivity. The Van Krevelen diagram has been applied to all 5 (five) wells that indicates 2 (two) of them have potential gas – kerogen type III/IV with marginally mature to mature source rock. The integration of well logs and geochemical data greatly improves the accuracy and understanding of the controls of reservoir quality and source rock. It can be used for further step of knowing basin potential and its prospect level.

Keywords : well log analysis, geochemical data, Total Organic Carbon, Northeast Java Basin

INTRODUCTION

Petroleum is generated from organic-rich sediments (source rocks) containing organic matter originating from biological materials [1]. Source rock is one of the main elements of a hydrocarbon system. Therefore, to identify a region of hydrocarbon, it is necessary to investigate the source rock and its characteristics first [2]. Thermal maturity is the primary factor that determines whether a source rock can produce oil, gas, or condensate [3]. The study of source rocks is an important step towards accurate assessment of the hydrocarbon source potential of sedimentary rocks. The determination of the most favorable petroleum exploration targets depends on the geochemistry of source rocks and knowledge on the generation, migration and accumulation processes combined with the geophysical and geological features of the sedimentary basin under evaluation [4]. In order to evaluate the source rocks various laboratory methods are used. Among these techniques, Rock–Eval

pyrolysis has been widely used in the industry as a standard method in petroleum exploration [3].

Petrophysical parameters are the most useful characteristics of reservoir for development and production of the drill well and estimation of reserves in any oil and gas field [5]. Reservoir rocks, which are porous and permeable sedimentary rocks containing water, oil or gas in their pore spaces, were identified using the gamma and the porosity (neutron-density) logs. Common reservoir rocks are sandstones and carbonate. Sandstone reservoirs exhibit very low radioactivity, because of low concentrations of radioactive elements [6]. Integration between gamma-ray (GR), resistivity, neutron (NPHI), and density log can differentiated a hydrocarbon and non-hydrocarbon bearing zone(s) within reservoir [7].

The East Java Basin is a basin that still produces oil and gas in Indonesia, one of the oil and gas fields is Kangean Block. Based on Mudjiono and Sayana, the North East Java Basin is controlled by two fault systems, that is, the horizontal fault system trending northeast-southwest and east-west direction. This basin is formed by several main structural elements from south to north, namely: Kendeng Zone - The Madura Strait is elongated in the east-west direction which is characterized by a fold structure, normal faults and many upward faults. South Rembang Zone and Randublatung which are negative zones with east-west trending structural patterns characterized by folds. There is a dome structure that is associated with a fault structure. The North Rembang Zone and North Madura, the anticlinorium structure that was elevated and eroded in Pliocene-Plistocene associated with a horizontal fault system drifted in a continuous northeast-southwest direction to South Kalimantan [8]. The Petroleum System is a component that must be owned to allow the accumulation and accumulation of an oil in a basin, including the East Java Basin, which is a hydrocarbon producer [9].

The petroleum system consists of important components, source rock in the North East Java Basin originates from shale derived from marginal marine, deltaic, and lacustrine environments. The Ngimbang Formation, mainly originating from the Central Deep Basin with kerogen types II and III so as to produce oil and gas [10]. Deep sea shale at the bottom of the Kujung Formation are also potential as source rock. Reservoirs are rocks with porosity and permeability that are good for storing and flowing hydrocarbons. The main reservoirs in this basin are the carbonate rocks of the Ngimbang Formation and the Kujung Formation as well as the siliciclastic reservoir of the Ngimbang Formation, Tuban Formation and the Ngrayong Formation. Hydrocarbon migration divided into primary migration is the transfer of hydrocarbon fluid from the host rock to reservoir rock and secondary migration is the movement of fluid in the reservoir through the trap. Stone hoods have a role as non-permeable insulation such as claystone. The rock seals in this basin are shale of the Ngimbang Formation, Tuban Formation. Tuban shale is a covering rock that has a thickness of 500 - 1500 m the North East Java Basin [11].

The types of traps in all East Java petroleum systems generally have similarities. This is due to tectonic evolution that occurs in all sedimentary basins along the southern boundary of the Sunda palace so that the type of geological structure and trap mechanism become relatively similar. The structure traps that developed in the form of anticlines and faults and stratigraphic traps were found when the sandstone unit rested (onlap) and covered part of the bedrock height [9]. The aim of this study is to examine geochemical and petrophysical characteristics of Kangean Block for better understanding the petroleum play.

MATERIALS AND METHODS

Well-logging Method: Well logging in oil industry has its own meaning; log means "record against depth of any of the characteristics of the rock formations traversed by a measuring apparatus in the well bore". The value of the measurement is plotted continuously against depth in the well [12]. The types of logging used are gamma ray log, log density, neutron log, resistivity log, and sonic log. Qualitative interpretation in this study uses gamma ray logs to identify permeable zones, if a low gamma-ray log value identifies a permeable zone due to the presence of natural radioactive elements not concentrated in zones with low permeability but concentrated in zones with high permeability such as clay or shale. Next, look at the cross-over NPHI curve or Neutron Porosity Hydrogen Index against the RHOB or bulk density curve which is overlaid with a range of opposite curves so that the interpretation process is easier to see cross-over [13].

Reservoir Characterization: In doing this there are several parameters used, namely shale volume (V_{sh}), porosity, water resistivity (R_w), water saturation (S_w) and permeability (k) where the parameters are related to each other [14]. This study uses the calculation of S_w from the Archie method, the parameters used are R_w, resistivity values read by LLD or ILD curves, effective porosity (Phie) values, and provision values, namely cementation factor values according to target zone lithology if the limestone is 2 and sandstone is valued at 2.15, the value of the factor is according to the target zone lithology if the limestone is 1 and the sandstone is 0.62, and the general saturation exponent value is 2. The Simandoux method, the parameter used is R_w, V_{sh}, the resistivity value that results from reading the LLD or ILD curve, the Phie value, and the solid shale resistivity value from the reading of the maximum gamma ray curve or shale. This method is very good in calculating S_w in formations that have high water salinity and only densely covers high salinity zones. The Indonesian method, the parameter used is R_w, V_{sh}, the resistivity value reads the LLD or ILD curve, Phie value, and shale resistivity value. The high content of clay ranges from 30-70% which is often found in oil reservoirs in Indonesia and this calculation is very good in calculating Sw in formations containing low salinity. In this method, the relationship of conductivity between R_t and S_w is the result of clay conductivity, formation water and other conductivity caused by interactions between the two conductivity [15].

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

Petrophysical Analysis : on 5 wells that have a log data record that is quite complete, namely well AR-1 with MD depth of 10,0105 ft, BL-1 well with a depth of 13,700 ft. BT-1 well with a depth of 4279 ft, BG-1 well with a depth of 2530 meter, and TG-1 well with a depth of 7444 ft. To conduct a petrophysical analysis the author divides 2 stages, namely qualitative interpretation and quantitative interpretation until the calculation of permeability.

Qualitatively, the 4 wells have a reservoir zone, that is, in the TG-1 well at 2300-2350 ft (Figure 1) with a thickness of 50 ft, limestone lithology has a gamma ray range value of 23.28 - 31.1 API, resistivity range value 1.32 - 91.35 ohm.m, the RHOB range value is 1.85 - 2.00 g/cc, and the NPHI range value is 0.15 - 0.42 v/v. BT-1 well has a reservoir zone at a depth of 3150-3288 ft in Figure 2 with a thickness of 138 ft, limestone lithology has a gamma ray range value of 10.57 - 37.34 API, resistivity range value 0.95 - 8.97 ohm.m, RHOB range value 1.56 - 1.99 g/cc, and NPHI range value 0.13 - 0.46 v/v. In the AR-1 well has a reservoir zone at a depth of 3055-3157 ft in Figure 3 has a ray gamma range value of 30.40 - 53.19 API, resistivity range value 0.53 - 0.93 ohm.m, RHOB range value 1.68 - 2.04 g/cc, and

range value NPHI 0.37 - 0.51 v/v. In BL-1 well has a reservoir zone at a depth of 7100-7315 ft in Figure 4 gamma ray range values 84.98–108.17 API, resistivity range values 1.21 - 2.07 ohm.m, RHOB range values 1.7 - 2.30 g/cc, and NPHI range values 0.23 - 0.60 v/v.

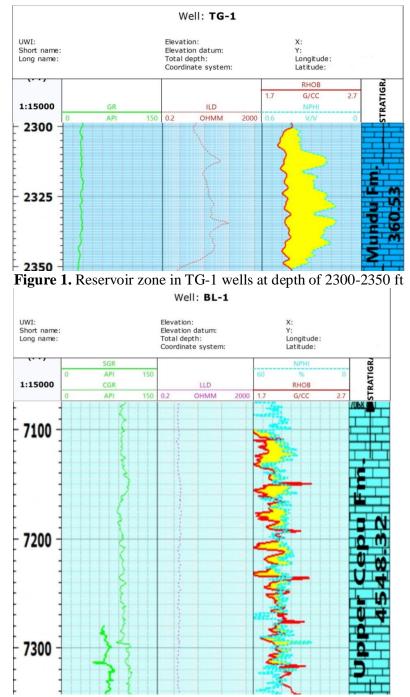


Figure 2. Zone A in the layout of the BL-1 well at depth of 7100-7315 ft

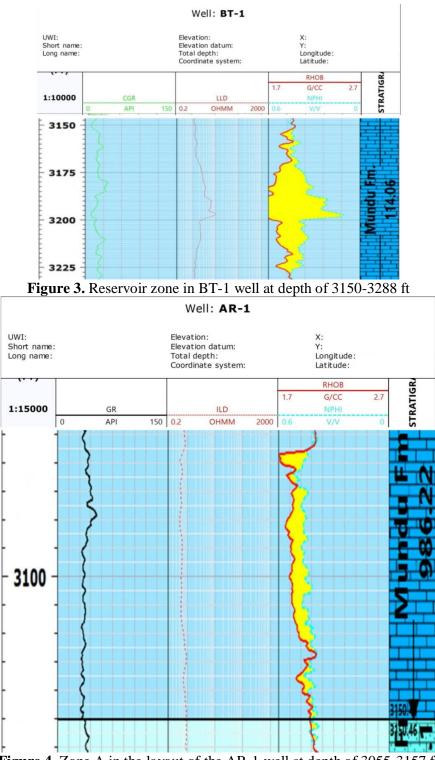


Figure 4. Zone A in the layout of the AR-1 well at depth of 3055-3157 ft

Quantitatively, in the reservoir zone carried out is a petrophysical analysis, from the petrophysical analysis performed calculations and produce parameters in reservoir characterization in this study are Shale Volume (Vsh), Effective Porosity (ϕ), Water Resistivity (Rw), Water Saturation (Sw) and Permeability (K) of 4 wells (Table 1-4).

WELL NAME	DEPTH (FT)	ZONE	THICK NESS	LITHOLO GY	FORMATI ON	Vsh (%)	PHIE (%)	Sw (%)	K (mD)
TG-1	2300- 2350	А	50	Sandstone	Mundu	34.053	17.098	12.90	325.936

Table 1. Results Calculation of TG-1

Table 2. Results Calculation of AR-1

WELL NAME	DEPTH (FT)	ZONE	THICK NESS	LITHOLOG Y	FORMA TION	Vsh (%)	PHIE (%)	Sw (%)	K (mD)
AR-1	3055- 3157	А	102	Limestone	Mundu	22.01	29.24	0.4869	604877.314

Table 3. Results Calculation of BL-1

WELL NAME	DEPTH (FT)	ZONE	THICK NESS	LITHOLO GY	FORMA TION	Vsh (%)	PHIE (%)	Sw (%)	K (mD)
BL-1	7100- 7315	С	215	Limestone	Upper Cepu	48.69	31.074	48.04	1361.343034

Table 4. Results Calculation of BT-1

WELL NAME	DEPTH (FT)	ZONE	THICK NESS	LITHOLO GY	FORMA TION	Vsh (%)	PHIE (%)	Sw (%)	K (mD)
BT-1	3150- 3288	А	138	Limestone	Mundu	23.298	28.915	2.155	613039.061

Geochemical analysis, in this study using Rock Eval Pyrolysis (REP) is an analysis of hydrocarbon components in source rock by means of gradual heating of the host rock samples in an oxygen-free state where the programmed temperature is inert (Table 5). From the heating, the solid separates free organic components and components that are still bound in the host rock. The results of the REP analysis are populated with several parameters, namely the values of S1, S2, S3, Tmax and combinations, namely PY, PI and HI (Table 6).

Well Name	Depth (Ft)	Ro (Ohm.m)
BG-1	2200	0.67
TG-1	4000	0.21
BT-1	-	-
AR-1	5720	0.31
BL-1	7600	0.41

Table 6. Results of REP analysis on 5 wells in the Kangean block

Well Name	Depth (Ft)	S1 (mgHC/gRk)	S2 (mgHC/gRk)	S3 (mgCO ₂ /gRk)	Tmax (degC)	РҮ	PI	HI (mgHC/gTOC)
BG-1	2200	4.22	2.21	1.28	361	2114.2	0.998	329.69
TG-1	4000	0.028	0.627	0.162	435	0.655	0.0427	120.58
BT-1	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-

AR-1	5720	0.2	2.23	-	420	2.43	0.0823	128.16
BL-1	7600	0.07	1.63	-	435	1.7	0.0412	206.329

CONCLUSIONS

Reservoir layers in 5 wells in Kangean block are break down into some conclusions. TG-1 well in Zone A with lithology limestone and sandstone, indicated gas reservoir and oil reservoir. BT-1 well in Zones A and B with Limestone and Sandstone lithology, indicated gas reservoir layers, oil reservoirs and water reservoirs. The AR-1 well in Zones A and C with lithology limestone and Sandstone, indicated a gas reservoir layer. BL-1 well in Zone A with lithology limestone, which is indicated by a gas reservoir layer. Source Rock Layer on 5 wells in Kangean block vary into different depths, BG-1 well at 2200 feet with core TOC 1.01 and TOC Log 0.8, Tmax 361 degC and Hydrogen Index 329.69 mgHC/gTOC which are in the category of kerogen type III rock. The TG-1 well was at depth 4000 feet with core TOC values 0.52 and TOC Log 0.22, Tmax 435 degC and Hydrogen Index 120.58 mgHC/gTOC were included in the category of kerogen type IV rock IV. AR-1 well at depth 5270 feet with 1.74 of TOC Core values and TOC Log 1.65, Tmax 420 degC and Hydrogen Index 128.16 mgHC/gTOC which are included in the kerogen type II and III source rock categories. The maturation level of the reservoir zone hydrocarbons in the Kangean block is immature in BG-1 well but mature wells in TG-1 and AR-1 wells.

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