



Ardian Ulvan Irza Sukmana

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Integrated Sci-Tech:

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The Interdisciplinary Research Approach

Volume



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Preface

This book is all about the interdisciplinary research that integrates engineering, life and applied sciences, medical and biomedical engineering, agriculture engineering and food sciences. The aim was to provide the initial roadmap at a cross section basic research, technological and social developments, processes development, applications integrity, and real-world usage. The genuine motivation for the book was to provide a suitable reference text for those who interested in the multi and inter disciplinary studies which might be beneficial for basic and advance researches, enhancing the curriculum and enriching teaching and learning materials, mostly in the level of postgraduate studies.

In addition, the book was also planned to provide advanced orientation and understanding for related industries and governments to looking across industrial partnerships, business strategic, and policy and regulations. In general, the book is expected to be beneficial for a wide range of readers.

This book consists of twenty five chapters divided into four sections i.e., engineering, life and applied sciences, medical and biomedical engineering, agriculture and food science. Each chapter is a completely self-directed contribution in chained discussion which aims to bring academia, researcher, practitioners and students rise to speed with the novel developments within the particular area.

In order to enhance the reader experience, each book chapter contains its own abstract, instruction, main body, as well as conclusion sections. Moreover, bibliography resources are available at the end of each chapter.

To achieve all these aims and goals, the book should deliver a breadth of information. We are pleased and thankful for all distinguish authors and reviewers for their contribution that have made this book possible. We do hope that you will enjoy this book and find it as a useful guide and reference.

Editorial board:

Ardian Ulvan

Irza Sukmana

Table of Contents

Editors/Reviewers	i
Preface	ii
Table of Contents	iii
SECTION 1 : ENGINEERING	1
Special Contribution	2
Interdisciplinary Research Activities on Disaster Prevention and Mitigation at Kobe University by Forming Collaboration COE	3
Mechanical Characterization of Cells Exposed to Mechanical Loading	4
Analyses of Mobile Positioning Data	5
Chapter 1	6
The Utilization of Sorghum Rod Powder as Filler to Enchance Mechanical Strength In Bioplastics Synthesis	
Chapter 2	13
Radiometric Correlation to Sulphur and Iron Content at BM-179 Kalan-West Kalimantan Uranium Ore	
Chapter 3	21
Masterplan Road Network in the Border Region of Nunukan Regency of the North Kalimantan Province	
Chapter 4	31
Migration in The Rural Impact : A Case Study of Bulupitu and Sepanjang Village, Malang Regency, Indonesia	
Chapter 5	37
Ba _{0.5} Sr _{0.5} TiO ₃ based Photodiode Application as Light Sensor for Automatic Lighting Control Switch	
Chapter 6	44
Regulation of 12-pulse Rectifier Converter using ANFIS-based Controller in a HVDC Transmission System	
Chapter 7	54
Estimation of Ground Rod Depth for Effective Performance during Installation in Different Soil Types in Ibadan, South – West Nigeria	
Chapter 8	64
Reaction Kinetics of Acetic Acid and Ethanol Esterification Catalyzed by ZSM-5 Catalyst	

Integrated Sci-Tech: The Interdisciplinary Research Approach

Chapter 9	71
Design of The Innovative Clothes Dryer by using "Triz" Approach	
Chapter 10	77
Hydrofoil Boat For Indonesian Waters	
Chapter 11	83
Urban Community Behavioral on the Traffic Light and Implementation of Intelligence Traffic Control System	
Chapter 12	91
K-Means Analysis in Mapping Concept Based on Geographic Information System	
Chapter 13	99
Dynamics of A Re-Parametrization of Two Dimensional Map	
Chapter 14	104
Characterization of Methyl Ester Obtained from Nanochloropsis Occulata and Tetraselmis Chuii by using In-situ and Conventional Method	
Chapter 15	111
Making Photodiode Based on Ba _{0.5} Sr _{0.5} TiO ₃ Thin Film on P-type Si (100) Substrate with Chemical Solution Deposition (CSD) Method	
Chapter 16	115
Designing Direct Current Electric Circuit for Foster Creative Thinking	
Chapter 17	121
Smart Monitoring Data Centre base on Mini Single Board Computer BCM 2835	
Chapter 18	129
Vocational High School E-Learning Readiness: A Survey for Industrial Knowledge Transfer	
Chapter 19	136
Modeling and Simulation of Solar PV Array Emulator Utilizing Buck Converter with Adaptive Control Base on Neural Network	
Chapter 20	146
Line Balancing by combining given Work Cell and single tasks, a Small Scale Industry case	
Chapter 21	153
Simulation of Type PWR (Pressurised Water Reactor) Reactor Water Temperature using Optimal Discrete Control and D-Pole Assignment Method	
Chapter 22	158
A Game of Arranging Scrambled Letters into Meaningful Words for Young Children using FSA Method	
Chapter 23	165
Design Method of Position and Attitude Controller Using for Quad-rotor System	

Integrated Sci-Tech: The Interdisciplinary Research Approach

Chapter 24	170
Design of Boiler Controller with LAN Based Data Logger	
Chapter 25	182
Tensile Strength Analysis of Concrete-Cellulose Composite from Coconut Coir	
SECTION 2 : AGRICULTURE AND FOOD SCIENCE	190
Special Contribution	191
Bacterial Enzymes with Special Characteristics for Biotechnological Applications	192
Chapter 26	193
A Preliminary Assessment for The Presence of a Crushing Plant in Lampung Timur Regency	
Chapter 27	200
Food Technopreneur A Design of New Curriculum in Indonesia's Higher Education	
Chapter 28	205
Establishing Working Relationship of Food Supplier as Part of effectiveness Food Safety Assessment: Case Study in Indonesia Global Chain Restaurants	
Chapter 29	211
Effect of Manure and Urea on Chemical Properties of Sandy Soil and Physiological Properties of Aloe Vera L. Plant Cultivated in Coastal Sandy Area	
SECTION 3 : MEDICAL SCIENCES AND BIOMEDICAL ENGINEERING	219
Special Contribution	220
A Begin of Robot Supported Human Programming	221
Chapter 30	222
Application Brain Wave for Wheel Robotic Movement using Mindflex	
SECTION 4 : LIFE AND APPLIED SCIENCES	228
Special Contribution	229
Some Examples of Designing Integrated Heterogeneous Catalyst System	230
Chapter 31	231
Mitigation of N_2O and CH_4 emissions from Corn Field using Urea Granulated with Nitrification Inhibitors and Zeolite	
Chapter 32	238
Influence of the Concentration of Ga-doped on the Structural and Optical Properties of ZnO Thin Films	

Integrated Sci-Tech: The Interdisciplinary Research Approach

Chapter 33	. 244
Histopathology of gill of Pangasius sutchi infected with Aeromonas hydrophila and are cured using Curcumin	
Chapter 34	. 250
Homeschooling in Lampung Province	
Chapter 35	. 255
Education as an Earthquake Disaster Mitigation Efforts to Improve Safety in Children Through State Primary Media Comics in The Village New District Labuhan Ratu Bandarlampung Lampung	
Chapter 36	. 269
Hipotetic Model of Continuous Professional Development of Vocational Lecturer in The Higher Vocational Education In Lampung	
Chapter 37	. 274
Fish Condition Factor as Bioindicator of Water Quality on Mangrove Ecosystems at Labuhan Maringgai, Indonesia.	

Chapter 36

Hipotetic Model of Continuous Professional Development of Vocational Lecturer in The Higher Vocational Education In Lampung

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Abstract. One key to the effectiveness and efficiency of higher vocational education lies in human resources namely lectures. Lectures are professional educators and scientist with main task of transforming, developing, and spreading the knowledge, technology, and art through education, research, service to the community. To do that, need development model of continuous professional competence which will affect the increase of 4 competence of lecturers, especially professional competence. The problem is the development of lecture professional competence in higher vocational education in Lampung has not optimally yet, and uncoordinated well, so that the level of professionalism of lecturers depend on himself. The objective of this research is to develop hypothetical model of continuous professional competence development of vocational lecturer in the higher vocational education in Lampung. The research begins with describing the condition of existing management professional competence of vocational lecturer, then do the theoretical studies and concludes with the development of hypothetical model.

Keywords: continuous professional development, higher vocational education, lecturer professionalism

I. Introduction

Lecturer in vocational education, must have special professional competence. Because vocational education is the total process of education aimed at developing the competencies needed Effectively function in an occupation or group of occupations, Wenrich and Wenrich (1974). Vocational education as a forum for competence development in accordance with one's needs, developed on the basis of a person's need for a particular jo. Vocational education has another purpose beside to develop the hard skills, also oriented on soft skills, educational values and attitudes (Wenrich&Wenrich,1974, Thompson 1973), applied, occupational/jobspecific consisting of lines diploma (D-I, D-II, D-III and D-IV) and specialists (Sp1 and Sp2), (Hadiwiratama in Dedi Supriadi, 2002). Education Diploma and politeknik will produce alumni who are entrepreneurial, (Bambang Budiyono 2001, Clarke 2008).

The importance of continuous improvement of the professional competence of vocational lecturers have not been fully recognized by professors and leaders in higher education vocational institutions. Lecturer professional competence covers three areas/ Tri Dharma College: education and teaching, research and community service. Continuous improvement of professional competence for lecturers, supported by Government Regulation 37/2009 and Law No. 14 Year 2005 on Teachers and Lecturers Article 60, Law Number 20 Year 2003 on National Education System Article 39 paragraph 2 of Law No. 20 in 2003. The development of continuous professional competence for vocational lecturers means that the lecturer competence development carried out in accordance with the needs, gradually, continuing to increase professionalism.

Competence is something that someone pointed out in the work every day, the focus is on the behavior in the workplace, (Kravets, 2004), and the competence of either category threshold and differentiating with regard to the effectiveness of individual performance on the job, (Spencer1993, Green 1999, Liu 2009, Masten 1995, Looy 1998). Thus competencies into aspects that determine the success of the organization, with high

competence that lecturer have will determine the quality of faculty that are owned by the college, which will ultimately determine the competitive quality of higher education itself. George Klemp (1980) in Boyatzis (1982) and Dubois (2004) describe the "job competency as an underlying characteristic of a person the which results in effective and/or superior performance in a job". He also expressed "competencies are characteristics that are causally related to effective or superior performance in a job".

To answer the truth of the above needs to be generated hypothetical model of Continuous Competence Professional Development of Vocational Lecturers (CCPD-VL) on vocational education in Lampung.

II. Research Methods

The study was conducted in three phases, namely: (1) preliminary studies, assessment of the condition of professional competence development lecturer (existing pre-assessment), (2) the development of prototypes and (3) the outcome of research, which produces the final hypothetical model. Data obtained by the analysis of theory, observation and interviews, with observation measurement tools guide and the interview guide. The study population is a lecturers in vocational education in Lampung by purposively sampled.

III. Results and Discussions

The research of development hypothetical model CCPD-VL outline contained in Fig. 1 below

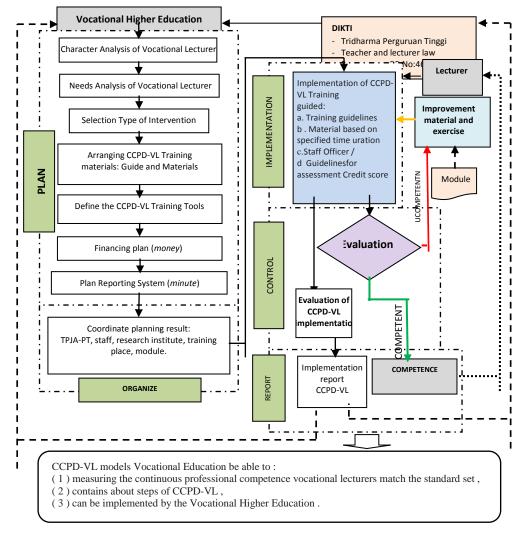


Fig 1. Hypohetic Model of CCPD-VL Vocational Education

The first phase of the hypothetical model CCPD-VL is planning covers several aspects: personal (man), financing (money), material (materials), method (method), equipment (machine) and reporting (minute). In planning CCPD-VL involves three units namely PATA-C (Position Assessment Team Academic College), Institute for Research and Community Service (IRCS), and Section Officer (SO). Briefly linkages agencies/institutions that play a role in planning and components as well as aspects of planning can be observed in Fig. 2.

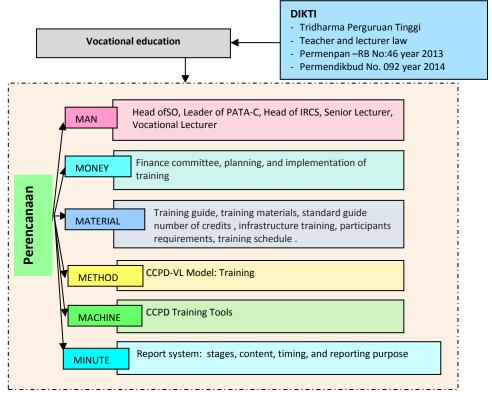


Fig2. Chart of CCPD-VL Planning Component

The second step is organizing a working mechanism between organizers CCPD-VL, which PATA-C with the personnel department concerning the results of the planning and preparation of the training PKPB - DV involving various parties, as it has been formulated in the committee. Organizing includes components: (1) the committee training CCPD-VL and description of work, (2) resource training, (3) the draft budget implementation of training CCPD-VL, (4) a method of training CCPD-VL, (5) training material and guidance assessment of credit points, (6) the infrastructure of education and training, (7) the requirements of participants and (8) the training schedule. Coordination is also done to prepare the place, materials and training equipment that will be used. Chart of CCPD-VL organizing components as shown in Fig. 3. The implementation phase of the entire plan has been drawn up. Existing activities at this stage is the implementation of training CCPD-VL with the availability of a place of education and training, training materials, training equipment, speaker training, a training and assessment guidelines vocational lecturers credit points; as shown in Fig. 4.

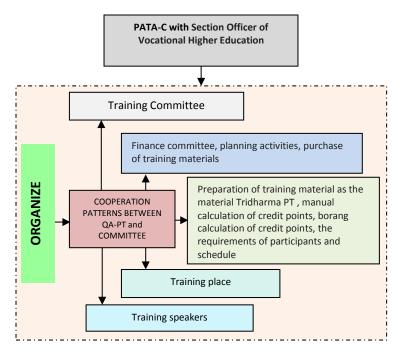


Figure 3. Chart of CCPD-VL Organizing Component

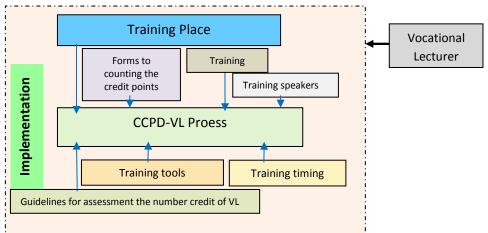


Fig. 4. Chart of CCPD-VL Implementation Component

The fourth stage is the control, executed by : (1) an evaluation of the development of professional competence of vocational lecturers using predefined assessment standards , this evaluation is to determine the vocational lecturers that has developed and underdeveloped professional competence. (2) Evaluation of education and training CCPD-VL ranging from planning, organizing and implementation. Evaluation is expected as feedback for the organization of training CCPD-VL next year. The implementation of evaluation made by the organizing committee as shown in Fig. 5.

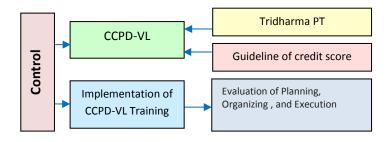


Fig 5. Chart of CCPD-VL Controlling Patterns

IV. Conclusions and Suggestions

CCPD-VL hypothetical model of vocational higher education which is developed is expected to be an alternative in the development of professional competence on an ongoing basis for vocational lecturers to overcome the problem of not smooth faculty in developing professional competence and in order to get CCPD-VL models that are effective, efficient and practical. Thus the model that developed is able to: (1) measure the professional competence of lecturers on an ongoing basis according to the guidelines calculation of credit points, (2) contains about steps models CCPD-VL and guidebooks training CCPD-VL, and (3) can be implemented by vocational higher education.

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