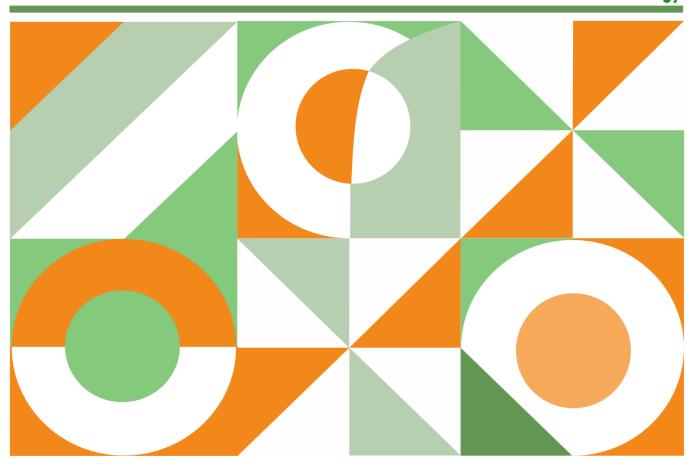


# 2019

## **Book of Abstracts**

**10<sup>th</sup> International Conference on Green Technology 2019** 

Empowering the 4.0 Industrial Revolution Through
Green Science and Technology



Malang, October 2<sup>nd</sup>- 3<sup>rd</sup>, 2019

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### PREFACE

### THE DEAN OF FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI MAULANA MALIK IBRAHIM MALANG

It is our pleasure to very warm welcome all participant to the 2019 10th International Conference on Green Technology (ICGT 2019) in Faculty of Science and Technology, Universitas Islam Negeri Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang. The ICGT have started ten years ago and this year, the theme of the conference is "Empowering the Fourth Industrial Revolution through Green Science and Technology". Now, we are entering the fourth industrial revolution which will influence all aspect in the civilization of humankind. Thus, we hope through this conference we can contribute by the result of green science and technology in Empowering the Fourth Industrial Revolution through Green Science and Technology. And also, we hope this conference can bring academic scientists, engineers, industry researchers together to discuss, exchange and share their experiences and research results about green technology.

### We would like to thank:

- 1. Rector and Vice-Rector of Universitas Islam Negeri Maulana Malik Ibrahim for their assistance and support for 10th International Conference on Green Technology.
- 2. Academic board committee for work in abstract and paper review.
- 3. The event organizing committee for managing this conference.
- 4. All the keynote speaker who willingly attended this conference.
- 5. Special Thanks to IOP Conference Proceeding Series, Journal of Islamic Architecture, ALCHEMY Journal of Chemistry, NUTRINO Journal, CAUCHY, and MATICS.

We wish all participants of 10<sup>th</sup> ICGT an enjoyable scientific meeting in Malang, Indonesia. We look forward to seeing all of you next year at 11th ICGT

> Dean of Faculty of Science and Technology UIN Maulana Malik Ibrahim Malang

Dr. Sri Harini

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### TABLE OF CONTENT

PREFACE THE DEAN OF FACULTY OF SCIENCE AND TECHNOLOGY UNIVERSITAS ISLAM NEGERI
MAULANA MALIK IBRAHIM MALANG PREFACE THE CHAIRPERSON 10 <sup>TH</sup> INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE ON GREEN TECHNOLOGYi
ORGANIZED BYii
SPONSORED BYii
CONFERENCE COMMITTEEii
KEYNOTE SPEAKER
TABLE OF CONTENTv
ABSTRACT OF KEYNOTE SPEAKER
IDENTIFICATION OF NEUROPEPTIDES IN GASTROPOD MOLLUSKS CLASSICAL AND BRAND-NEW  APPROACHES1
Fumihiro Morishita <sup>1*</sup> , Toshio Takahashi <sup>2</sup> , Takehiro Watanabe <sup>2</sup> , Takuya Uto <sup>3</sup> , Kazuyoshi Ukena <sup>4</sup> , Megumi Furumitsu <sup>4</sup> , Toshihiro Horiguchi <sup>5</sup>
CONSTRUCTION OF BIO-TEMPLATE C- DOPED $g$ -C $_3$ N $_4$ -BASED HYBRID NANOCOMPOSITES WITH ENHANCED VISIBLE-LIGHT PHOTOCATALYTIC ACTIVITY
Mohamad Saufi Rosmi <sup>1*</sup> , Mohamad Azuwa Mohamed <sup>2</sup> , Siti Munirah Sidik <sup>1</sup> , Illyas Md Isa1, Suriani Abu Bakar <sup>1</sup> and Mohammad Kassim <sup>2</sup>
THE POTENCY OF 10-GINGEROL AS A PRIMARY CANDIDATE TO BECOME AN ANTI-CANCER AGENT:  STUDY OF CUMULUS CELL
Dr. Kiptiyah, M.Si <sup>1*</sup>
BENEFICIAL ROLE OF TRICHODERMA IN AGRICULTURE: A STUDY IN LEGUMINOUS PLANTS
Eriyanto Yusnawan <sup>1*</sup> , Alfi Inayati <sup>1</sup> , Yuliantoro Baliadi <sup>1</sup>
A GENETICALLY DEFINED VIRUS INOCULUM FOR PRODUCTION OF SPODOPTERA EXIGUA MULTIPLE NUCLEOPOLYHEDROVIRUS IN INSECT CELL CULTURE WITH ENHANCED INSECTICIDAL ACTIVITY
Kanokwan Poomputsa¹
ENDOGLUCANASE ACTIVITY OF CELLULOLYTIC BACTERIA INDIGENOUS RICE BRAN BY IN VITRO  AND IN SILICO
Akyunul Jannah <sup>1*</sup> , Aulanni'am <sup>2</sup> , Tri Ardyati <sup>3</sup> , Suharjono <sup>3</sup>
APPLICATION OF ELECTRON ACCELERATOR FOR FLUE GAS TREATMENT OF COAL POWER PLANT TO SUPPORT  GREEN TECHNOLOGY
Darsono <sup>1*</sup>
THE IMPLEMENTATION OF BEHAVIORAL ARCHITECTURE IN THE DESIGNING OF SPECAIL-NEEDS SCHOOLS 8
Wasilah <sup>1*</sup>
ABSTRAC SCOPE A ENVIROMENTAL IMPACT EVALUATION
CONVERSION DAU CITRUS FARM TO ORGANIC: AN IMPROVEMENT DISCOURSE. A REVIEW
L Mufidah <sup>1*</sup> , S Widyaningsih <sup>1</sup> , E Budiyati <sup>1</sup>

COMPARATIVE STUDY OF CO <sub>2</sub> CORROSION INHIBITION OF MILD STEEL IN BRINE SOLUTION BY THE
OLIGOMERS OF 2-VINYLPYRIDINE AND 4-VINYLPYRIDINE
(Ilim <sup>1*</sup> , S Bahri <sup>1</sup> , R Marjunus <sup>2</sup> , W Simanjuntak <sup>1</sup> , M Rilyanti <sup>1</sup>
CROPPING PATTERNS AND PLANTS DIVERSITY IN AGROFORESTS IN WRINGIN VILLAGE SUBDISTRICT OF WRINGINBONDOWOSO EAST JAVA24
Solikin <sup>1*</sup> , S A Nugroho <sup>1</sup>
THE RESPONSE OF SEVERAL GROUNDNUT CULTIVARS ON FERTILIZATION IN DRY LANDS WITH  DRY CLIMATE
A Wijanarko <sup>1*</sup>
KENAF PLANT RESISTANCE ON THE ROOT GALL NEMATODES (Meliodogyne incognita)26
P Parnidi <sup>1*</sup>
UHPLC ANALYSIS OF THE 1,4 NAPHTHOQUINONE IN THE INDONESIAN MEDICINAL PLANT Eleutherine         palmifolia (L) MERR
R Annisa <sup>1*</sup>
LARVICIDES EFFECTS OF EXTRACT ETHYL ACETATE Aglaia glabrata LEAVES AND ITS FRACTINATION TO  Aedes aegypti LARVAE
A Supriadin <sup>1*</sup>
SYNTHESIS OF Fe <sub>2</sub> O <sub>3</sub> NANOPARTICLE FROM BATTERY WASTE FOR PHOTOCATALYTIC TREATMENT OF METHYLENE BLUE
E P Hadisantoso¹*, F Rahmawati¹, V Amalia
PRODUCTIVITY OF SOYBEAN UNDER PALM OIL PLANTATION ON TIDAL SWAMPS DUE TO SEVERAL PACKAGES OF TECHNOLOGY
A Harsono¹*
MOLECULAR IDENTIFICATION OF PHOSPHATE SOULBILIZING BACTERIA ISOLATE 1 BP. 2 WITH 16S RRNA GENES FROM KARS CITATAH AREA
A F Hafsari <sup>1*</sup>
RESPONSE OF GROUNDNUT PROMISING LINES TO VARIOUS ENVIRONMENTS
J Purnomo¹*
POD YIELD AND HAULM WEIGHT PEANUT CULTIVARS GROWN IN DY LANDS WITH DRY CLIMATE33
A A Rahmianna¹*
PREPARATION OF ZEOLITE-Y FROM RICE HUSK SILICA AND FOOD GRADE ALUMINUM FOIL AS CATALYST FOR CO-PYROLYSIS OF MIXED CASSAVA TUBER AND PALM OIL
S Sascori <sup>1*</sup> , W Simanjuntak <sup>1</sup> , K D Pandiangan <sup>1</sup>
MODIFICATION OF CORN STALK USING CITRIC ACID AS BIOSORBENT FOR METHYLENE BLUE35
E Yulianti <sup>1*</sup> , S N Khalifah <sup>1</sup> , A Prasetyo <sup>1</sup> , A S Irviyanti <sup>1</sup> , G P Yudisputra <sup>1</sup>



### **ID ABSTRACT: ABS-116**

### Comparative Study of CO<sub>2</sub> Corrosion Inhibition of Mild Steel in Brine Solution by the Oligomers of 2-vinylpyridine and 4vinylpyridine

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Comparative study on the use of oligomeric compounds, O(4-VP) and O(2-VP) as carbon dioxide corrosion inhibitors of mild steel was carried out. The oligomers were synthesized using hydrogen peroxide initiator. The performance of oligomers as an inhibitor was evaluated by linear polarization resistance (LPR), carried out at varying inhibitor concentrations and temperatures. This study also studied the characteristics of the adsorption and protection mechanisms of each of the corrosion inhibitors tested. The experimental results demonstrated that O(4-VP) and O(2-VP) can decrease the corrosion rate of mild steels in corrosive solution, their protection abilities are better at higher concentration. The effect of temperature on these two types of oligomeric compounds is different, in which the corrosion protection of O(4-VP) increased with temperatures, suggesting that the oligomers were chemically adsorbed by the mild steel surface while for the oligomer of O(2-VP), the opposite is true which is related to physisorption. This is supported by thermodynamic quantities of each compound, especially DGads (about -40 kJ mol-1) and DHads (about 77 kJ mol-1) and the value of f and Kads decreases with increasing temperature for O(4-VP, while O(2-VP) has DGads (about -20 kJ mol-1) and DHads is negative. The more negative the value of DHads, the more physisorption and the more positive the value leads to chemisorption. Both 2-vinylpyridine and 4vinylpyridine monomers give opposite results to their oligomers, in which the monomers exhibit no inhibition activity, instead they promoted the corrosion of the mild steel.

**Keywords**: O(4-VP), O(2-VP), mild steel, corrosion inhibitor, CO<sup>2</sup> corrosion



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