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ICMACES



International Conference on Marine and Coastal Engineering

and Sciences 2019

August 23 - 24, 2019
Emersia Hotel Lampung, Indonesia

Sponsor by :



Aktuakultur Aygun AGRINA

Conference Agenda of ICMACES, August 23nd 2019

Time	Acitivity
08.00 08.3	0 Registration
08.30 09.1	5 Opening Session welcome remarks
	Warsono, Ph.D (LPPM University of Lampung))
	Prof. Dr. Ir. Hasriadi Mat Akin, M.P. (Rector University of Lampung)
	MC: Haifa FawwazAtmaya
09.15 09.4	Prof. RyoheiKada, Ph.D. (SijonawateGakuen University, Japan)
	Social Empowering for Natural Disaster Ris
09.45 10.1	Prof. Warsito, S.Si., DEA, Ph.D. (Education Attache at Embassy of RI in Paris
	Early Warning System for Natural Disaster
10.15 10.4	Prof. Dr. Normawaty Mohammad Noor, M.Sc
	(International Islamic University of Malaysia)
	Harmful Algal Blooms: A Malaysian Scenario
10.45 11.1	Prof. Dr. RokhminDahuri, M.Sc. (Indonesian Aquaculture Society)
	: Sustainable Mariculture
11.15 13.3	0 LUNCH BREAK (Jumat Prayer)
13.30 14.0	Prof. Dr. Takahiro Sayama (Kyoto University, Japan)
	Less on to Learn to Hydrology Flood Mapping of Batang Hari of Riverbasin
14.00 14.3	
	(Dean of Graduate School University of Lampung)
	Applied Statistical Analysis for Marine and oastal Studies

Plenary Session

Time	Title	Presenter
14.30 15.10 Moderator	Artificial Light Colours Could Increase Growth and Valuable Fatty Acid of Nitzschia sp. (Bacillariophyceae)	DiahNoerdjito and DiahNoerdjito
	Utilization of By catch From Fishing and Fish ProcessingWaste as Formulated Feed Raw Materials in Silver Pompano (Trachinotusblochii lacepede 1801)Gow Out	Yuwana Puja, Tugiyono, Suci Antoro, dan IndraGumayFebryano
Dr. MelyaRiniarti	Protein Test on Powder Nannochloropsis sp. Lampung Mangrove Centre (LMC) Isolate Based on Differences of Dry Temperature	Tugiyono, Agus Setiawan, Emy Rusyani, Destria Nuansa
	Isolation and Characterization of Cellulase Producing Bacillus sp. From Hanura Mangrove Forests	SumardiSumardi, Christina NugrohoEkowati, Salman Farisi and CahyaIntanListiyorini
	Selection and Characterization of Mannanolytic Bacillus sp. From Hanura Mangrove Forests	DwiEkaRahmawati, Christina NugrohoEkowati, Salman Farisi and SumardiSumardi
	Population Of Beton Shell (<i>DonaxFaba</i>) At Coastal Area Of Citereup Banten, Indonesia	Tati SuryatiSyamsudin and Indira Utami
	Tidal Current Pattern in The Surrounding	Ahmad Bayhaqi,

PROTEIN TEST ON POWDER Nannochloropsis sp. LAMPUNG MANGROVE CENTER (LMC) ISOLATE BASED ON DIFFERENCES OF DRY TEMPERATURE

Tugiyono, Agus Setiawan, Emi Rusyani, Destria Nuansa S

ABSTRACT:

Nannochloropsis sp. One type of phytoplankton that is very abundant in the waters ecosystem of the Mangrove Lampung Center (LMC), so that Nannochloropsissp. has the potential as a natural feed in aquaculture. Availability of natural feed stocks continuously is often a problem in aquaculture, so the availability of feed stock in powder form is the answer to these problems. This study aims to make Nannochloropsis sp. powder isolated from nutritious LMC aquatic ecosystems based on its fat content. The making of powder began with a semi-mass scale Nannochloropsissp culture using a combination of fertilizer namely 40 ppm Urea farming, 20 ppm ZA and 5 ppm TSP, then 175 ppm NaOH solution was given to the culture media at the optimum growth to made a paste and finally the paste is dried to become powder. The treatment in this study was the drying temperature which included a temperature of -50°C, 20°C, 30°C, 50°C and 70 °C each treatment was repeated 4 times. Analysis of powder quality based on protein content analyzed by proximate analysis. The data obtained were analyzed using the Analysis of Variance (ANOVA) method, if the results were obtained that were significantly different, it would be carried out with the Least-Significant Difference test (LSD) level a = 0.05. The results showed that the highest protein content produced at a drying temperature of -50°C was $8.89 \pm 019\%$ and 70°C was $8.07 \pm .69\%$, and the protein content of the two treatments was significantly different from the protein produced at drying at 20 °C, 30°C, and 50°C (p <0.05). While the drying content of -50°C and 70°C the protein content produced was not significantly different (p = 0.250).

Keywords: Powder Nannochloropsis sp., Protein content, combination of fertilizer and drying, temperature



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